

LECTURES ON DRUG THERAPY OF CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASES

Moderatori: Giuseppe Calveri (Varese), Antonio Fiscella (Catania)

16:15 Il trattamento precoce con PCSK9 post-SCA: opportunità o necessità?
Ferdinando Varbella (Rivoli)

17° Meeting



CardioLucca

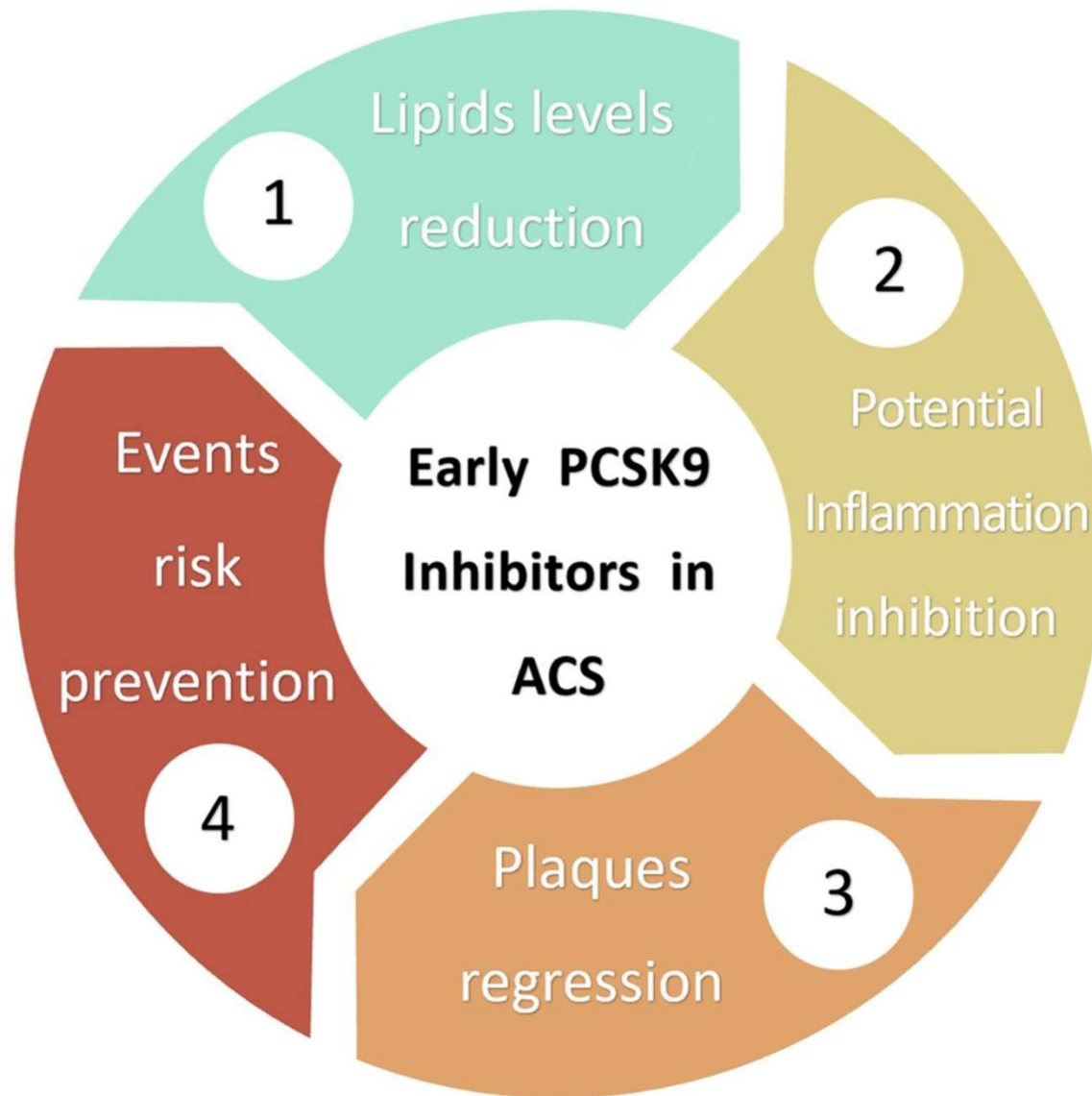
Heart Brings Heart 2023

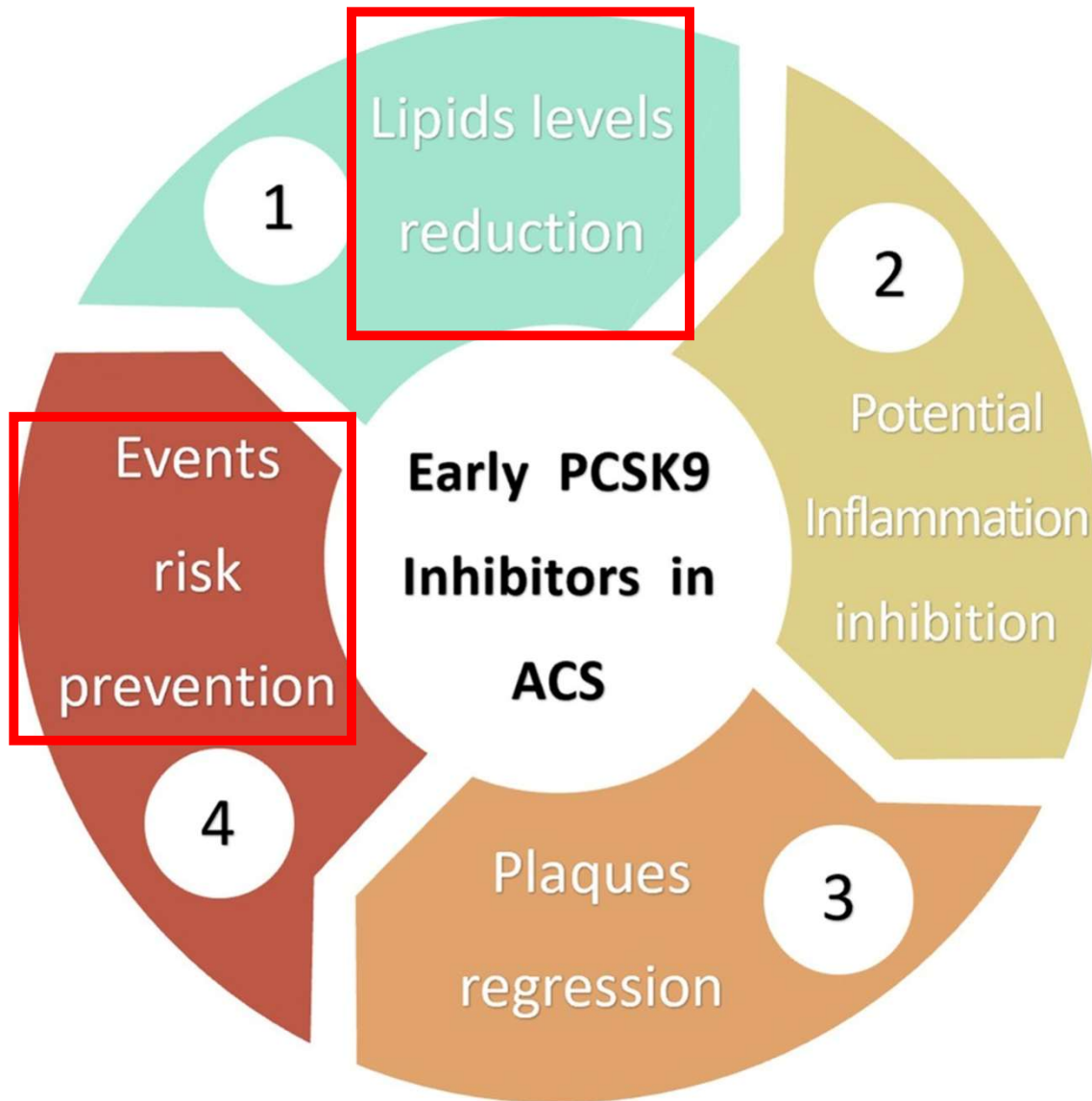
Lucca, 22-24 Giugno 2023

Centro Congressi Auditorium San Francesco

Ferdinando Varbella MD
Head of Internal Medicine Department
Chief of Cardiology Rivoli Hospital Turin
Cath. Lab. Director
A.S.L. TO 3 Rivoli Turin
A.O.U. San Luigi Orbassano



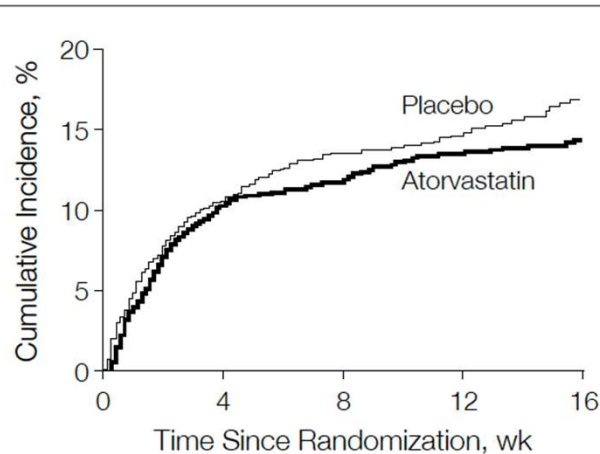




Effects of Atorvastatin on Early Recurrent Ischemic Events in Acute Coronary Syndromes

The MIRACL Study: A Randomized Controlled Trial

< 24-96 h ACS death, NFMI, recurr ischemia , Resuscitated Cardiac arrest



No. at Risk	0	4	8	12	16
Atorvastatin	1538	1381	1351	1323	518
Placebo	1548	1384	1338	1318	473

Scwhartz GG, Olsson AG, Ezekowitz MD et al. J Am Med Assoc 2001

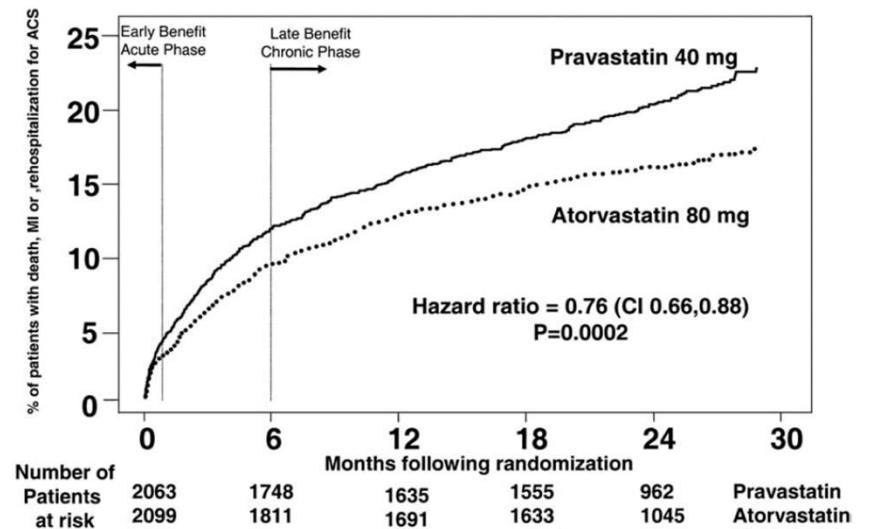
FOCUS ISSUE: PROVE IT-TIMI 22

Early and Late Benefits of High-Dose Atorvastatin in Patients With Acute Coronary Syndromes

Results From the PROVE IT-TIMI 22 Trial

Kausik K. Ray, MRCP, MD* Christopher P. Cannon, MD, FACC,* Carolyn H. McCabe, BS,* Richard Cairns, BSc,† Andrew M. Tonkin, MD,‡ Frank M. Sacks, MD,§ Graham Jackson, MD, FRCP,|| Eugene Braunwald, MD, MACC,* for the PROVE IT-TIMI 22 Investigators
Boston, Massachusetts; Nottingham and London, United Kingdom; and Melbourne, Australia

< 10 gg ACS death, NFMI, recurr ACS hospitalization

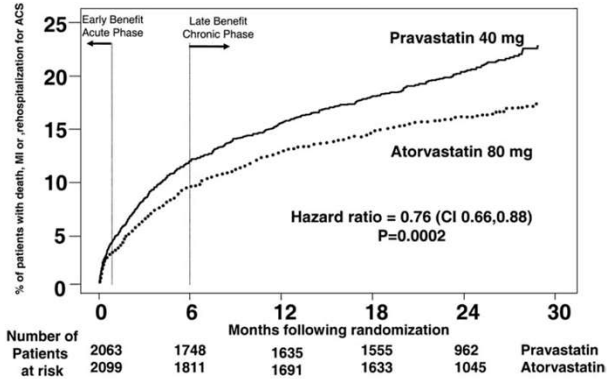


Ray KK, Cannon CP, McCabe CH et al. J Am Coll Cardiol 2005

PROVE-IT TIMI 22

< 10 gg ACS

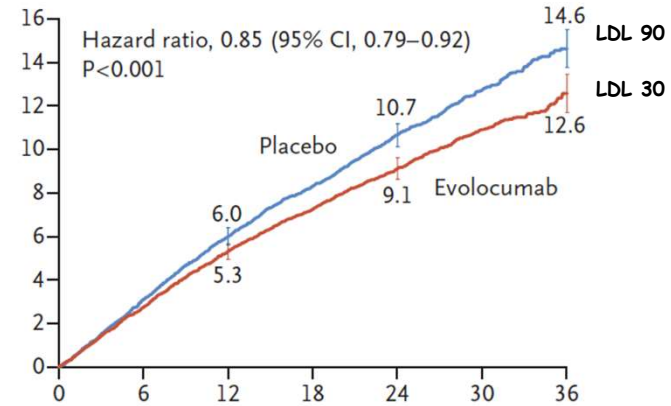
death, NFMI, recurr ACS hospitalization



Ray KK, Cannon CP, Mc Cabe CH et al. J Am Coll Cardiol 2005

FOURIER

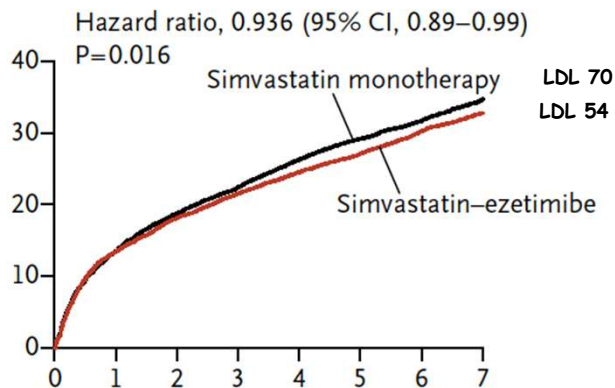
media 3.3 anni ACS



Sabatine MS, Giugliano RP et al N Engl J Med 2017

< 10 gg ACS

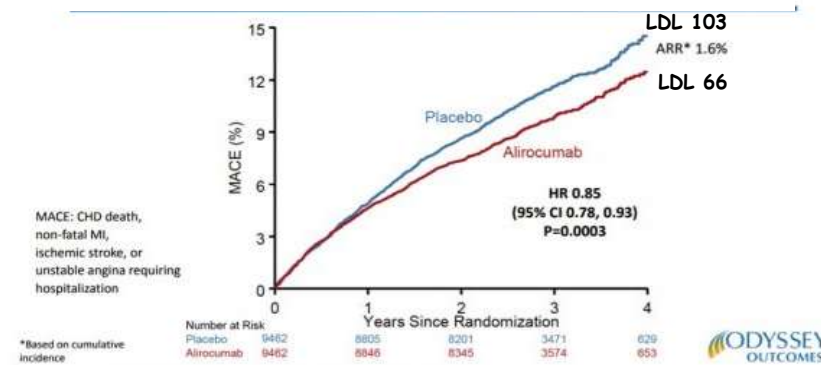
IMPROVE-IT



Cannon CP, Blazing MA, Giugliano RP et al. N Engl J Med 2015

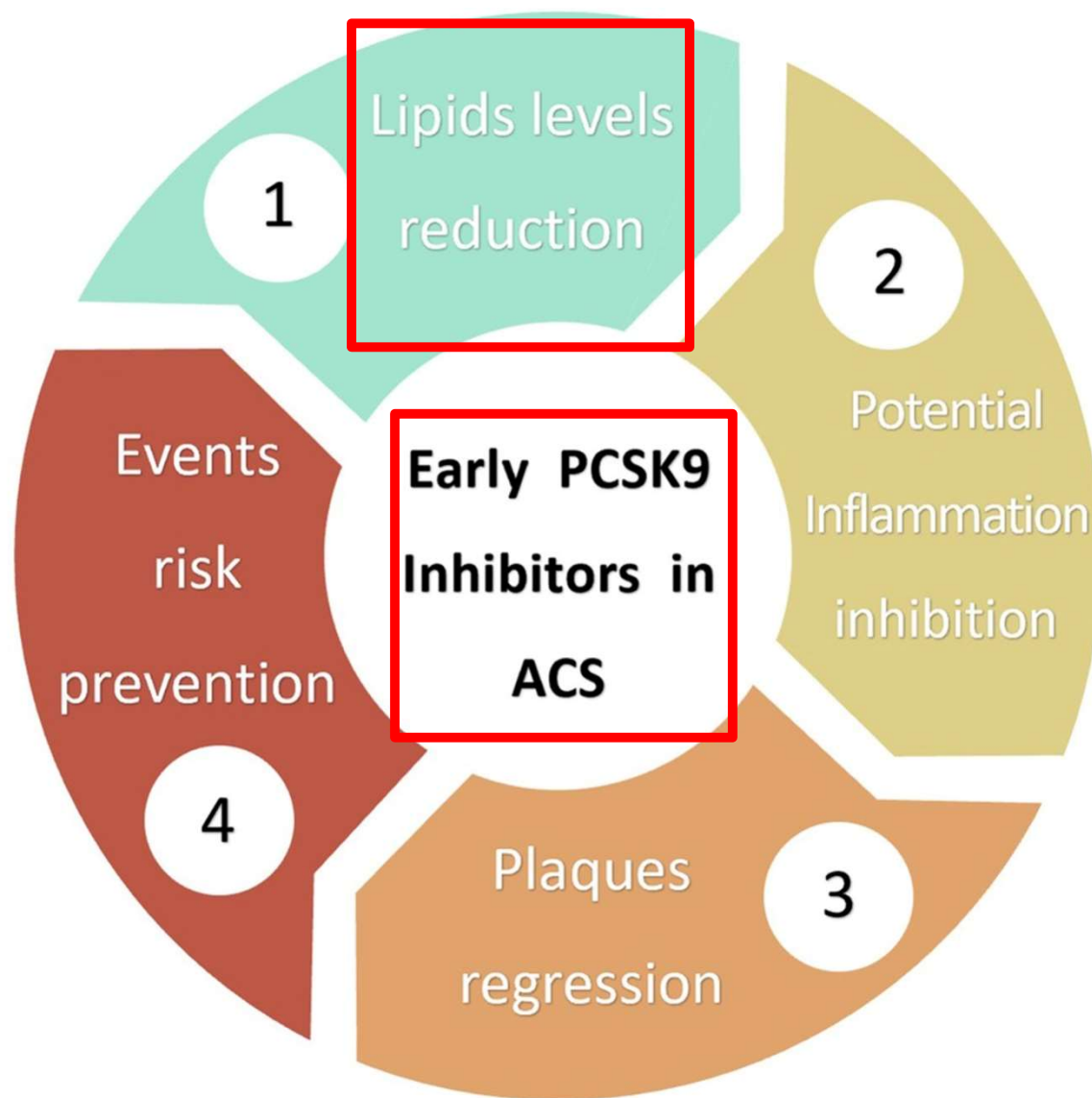
ODYSSEY OUTCOMES

media 2.6 mesi ACS



Schwartz GG, Steg PG et al. N Engl J Med 2018

USO PRECOCE PCSK9-i



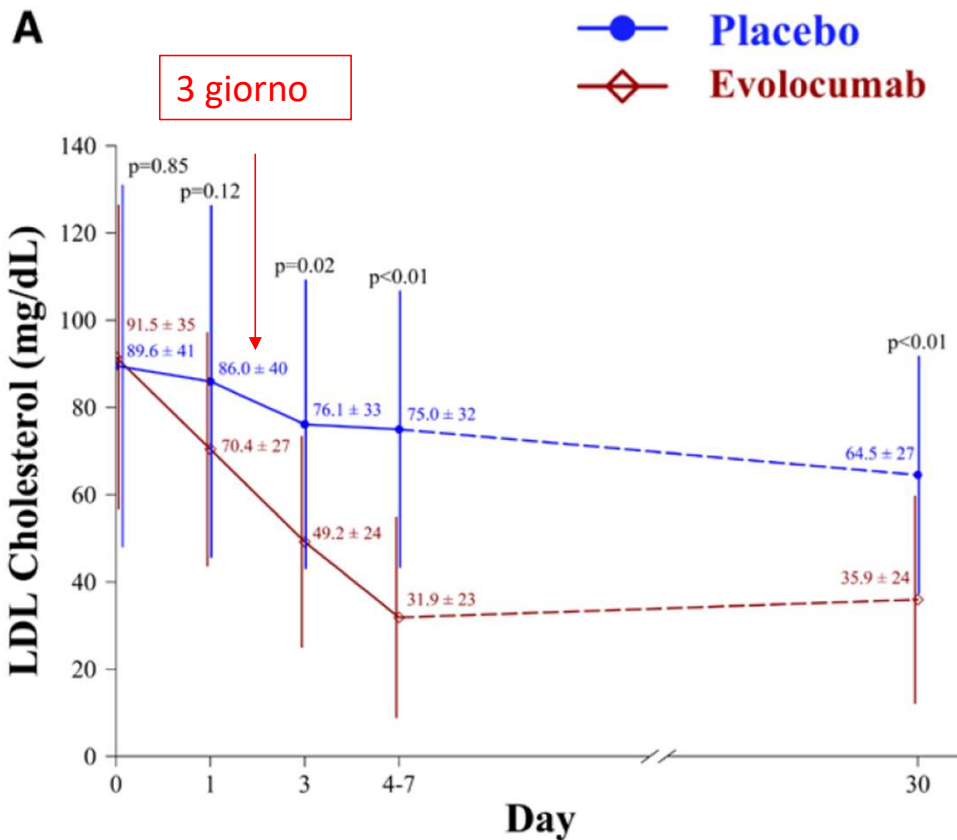
Effect of Evolocumab on Atherogenic Lipoproteins During the Peri- and Early Postinfarction Period

A Placebo-Controlled, Randomized Trial

- 57 NSTEMI troponina I > 5ng/ml
- tutti con Statina alta intensità
- Evolocumab 420 mg sc vs placebo
- inizio < 24 ore

- prelievi basale, 3 gg, dimissione, 30 gg

EVACS



Gary Gerstenblith, MD, Johns Hopkins Hospital/Halsted 563, 600 N Wolfe Street, Baltimore, MD 21287. Email gblith@jhmi.edu

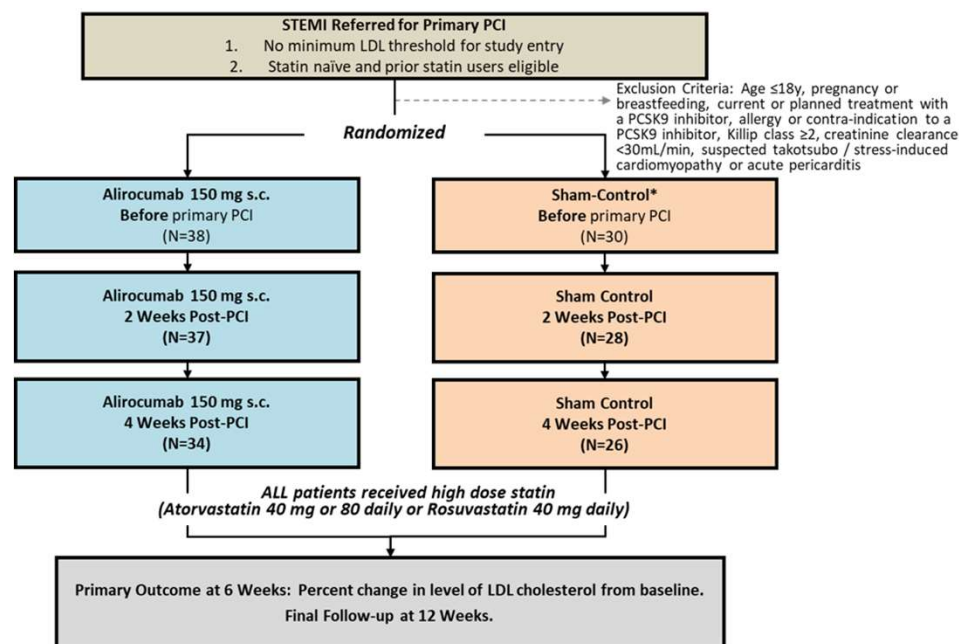
EPIC STEMI

Effects of Routine Early Treatment with PCSK-9 inhibitor in Patients Undergoing Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention for ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction: A randomized, double-blind, sham-controlled trial

Shamir R. Mehta^{1,2,3*}, MD, MSc; Guillaume Pare^{1,2,3,4}, MD, MSc; Eva M. Lonn^{1,2,3}, MD, MSc; Sanjit S. Jolly^{1,2,3}, MD; Madhu K. Natarajan^{1,2,3}, MD; Natalia Pinilla-Echeverri^{1,2,3}, MD, MSc; Jon-David Schwalm^{1,2,3}, MD, MSc; Tej Sheth^{1,2,3}, MD; Matthew Sibbald^{2,3}, MD, PhD; Michael Tsang^{2,3}, MD; Nicholas Valettas^{2,3}, MD, MAsc; James L. Velianou^{2,3}, MD; Shun Fu Lee¹, PhD; Tahsin Ferdous¹, MSc; Sadia Nauman¹, MBBS, MSc; Helen Nguyen¹, BSc; Tara McCreedy¹, PhD, MBA; Matthew J. McQueen^{1,2,3,4}, MBChB, PhD

	Alirocumab N=38	Sham-Control N=30
Age (year)	61.37 (11.04)	63.63 (10.38)
Sex (male) - no.(%)	27 (71.05)	28 (93.33)
Statin use within 7 days of randomization no.(%)	8 (21.05)	8 (26.67)
Statin use after randomization		
Atorvastatin 40-80 mg or Rosuvastatin 40 mg daily	37 (97.37)	30 (100)
Atorvastatin 80 mg or Rosuvastatin 40 mg daily	37(97.37)	27(90.00)
Ezetimibe	2 (5.26)	1 (3.33)

68 pazienti STEMI



EPIC STEMI

Effects of Routine Early Treatment with PCSK-9 inhibitor in Patients Undergoing Primary Percutaneous Coronary Intervention for ST-Segment Elevation Myocardial Infarction: A randomized, double-blind, sham-controlled trial

Shamir R. Mehta^{1,2,3*}, MD, MSc; Guillaume Pare^{1,2,3,4}, MD, MSc; Eva M. Lonn^{1,2,3}, MD, MSc; Sanjit S. Jolly^{1,2,3}, MD; Madhu K. Natarajan^{1,2,3}, MD; Natalia Pinilla-Echeverri^{1,2,3}, MD, MSc; Jon-David Schwalm^{1,2,3}, MD, MSc; Tej Sheth^{1,2,3}, MD; Matthew Sibbald^{2,3}, MD, PhD; Michael Tsang^{2,3}, MD; Nicholas Valettas^{2,3}, MD, MASC; James L. Velianou^{2,3}, MD; Shun Fu Lee¹, PhD; Tahsin Ferdous¹, MSc; Sadia Nauman¹, MBBS, MSc; Helen Nguyen¹, BSc; Tara McCreedy¹, PhD, MBA; Matthew J. McQueen^{1,2,3,4}, MBChB, PhD

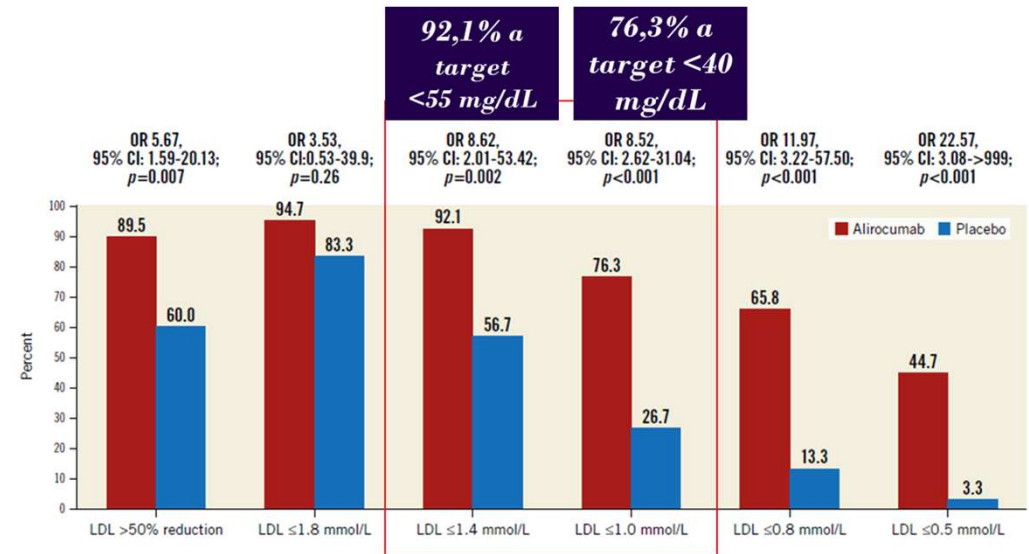
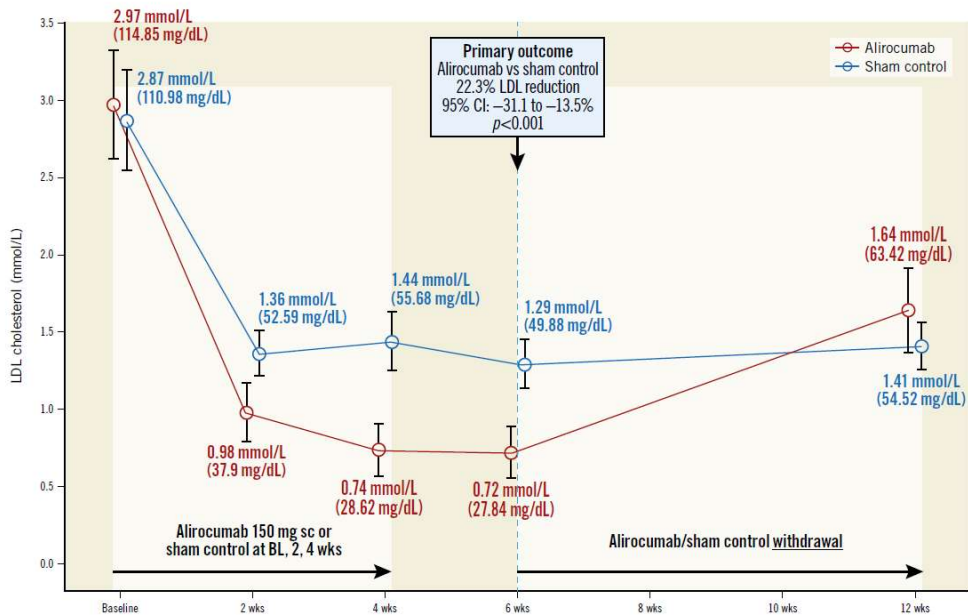
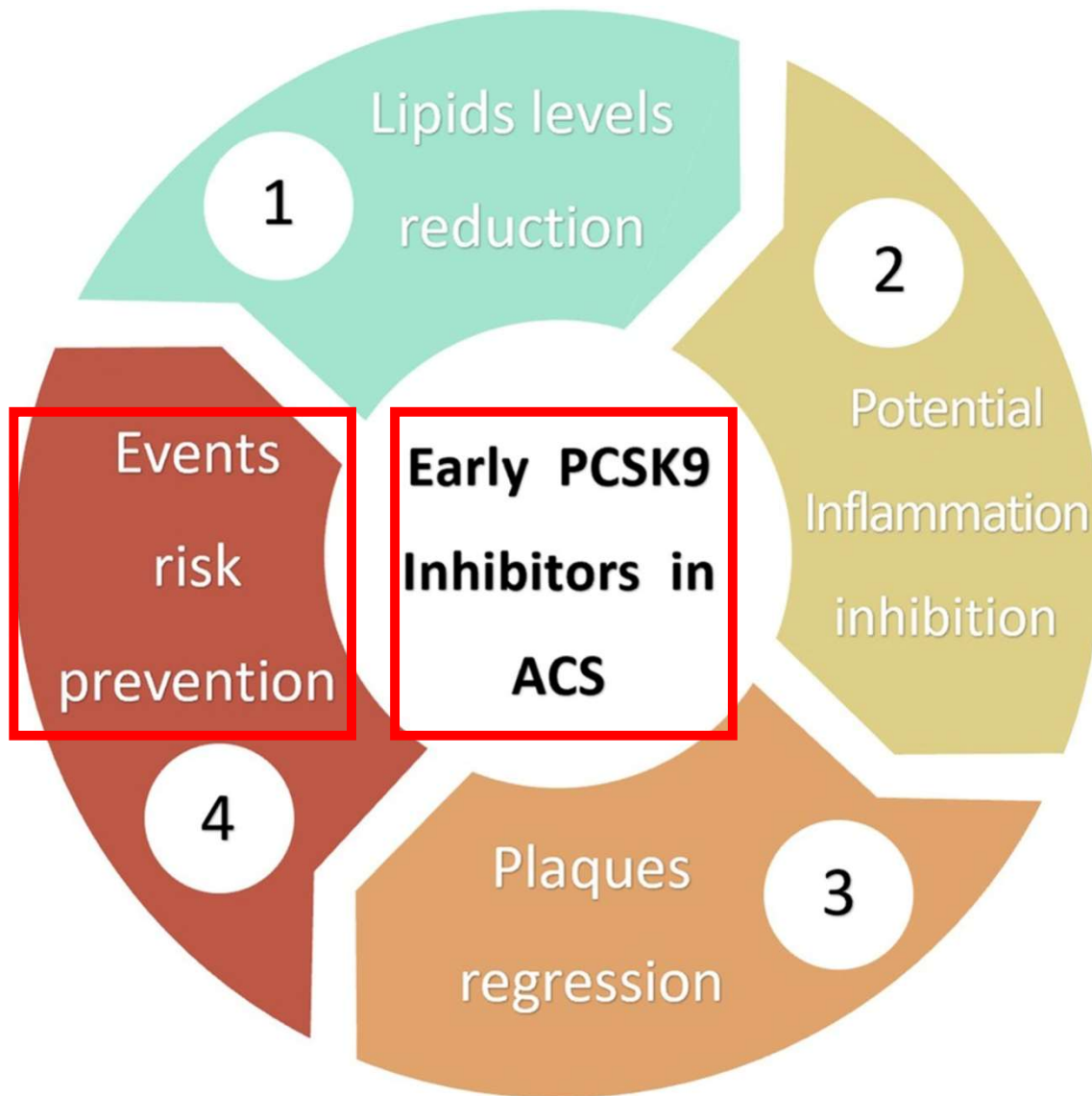


Figure 3. Proportion in the alirocumab and sham-control groups achieving various LDL cholesterol targets at a median follow-up of 45 days. CI: confidence interval; LDL: low-density lipoprotein; OR: odds ratio

BL: baseline; CI: confidence interval; LDL: low-density lipoprotein; sc: subcutaneous

USO PRECOCE PCSK9-i ESITI CLINICI



Earlier Initiation of PCSK9i mAb therapy after index MACE is favorable



Patients:

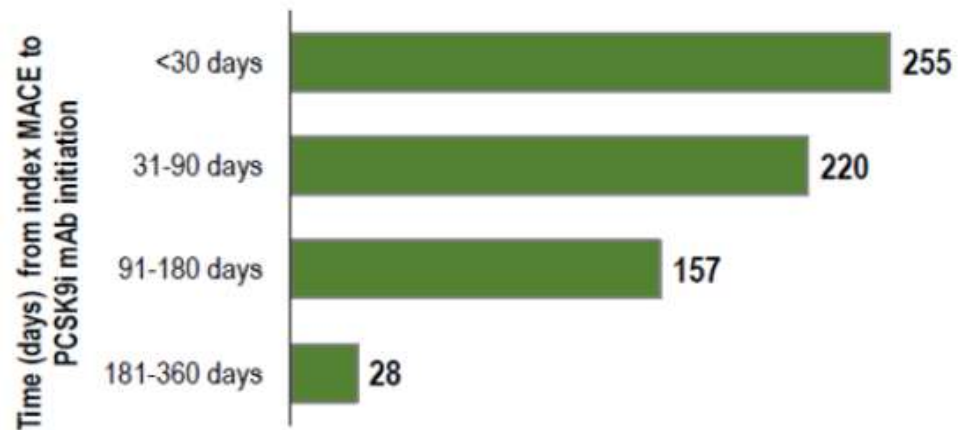
N = 58997 with PCSK9i mAb initiation on or **after index MACE**

Population: US adults (≥ 18 years) with ≥ 1 diagnosis or procedure code MACE (myocardial infarction, ischemic stroke, unstable angina, or coronary revascularization) during the index period*.

Outcome: To estimate rates of **subsequent MACE** based on the time to initiation of PCSK9i mAb therapy after a MACE

Data from a Retrospective, Cohort Study

Figure 3. Average time between PCSK9i mAb initiation and subsequent MACE¹



¹Evaluated among patients with a subsequent MACE in the post-index period.

*Index period: Jan 1, 2017 – Nov 30, 2021 from IQVIA PharMetrics plus and Jan 1, 2017 – Feb 28, 2022 from open-source claim prescription (LRx) and medical (Dx) claims databases.

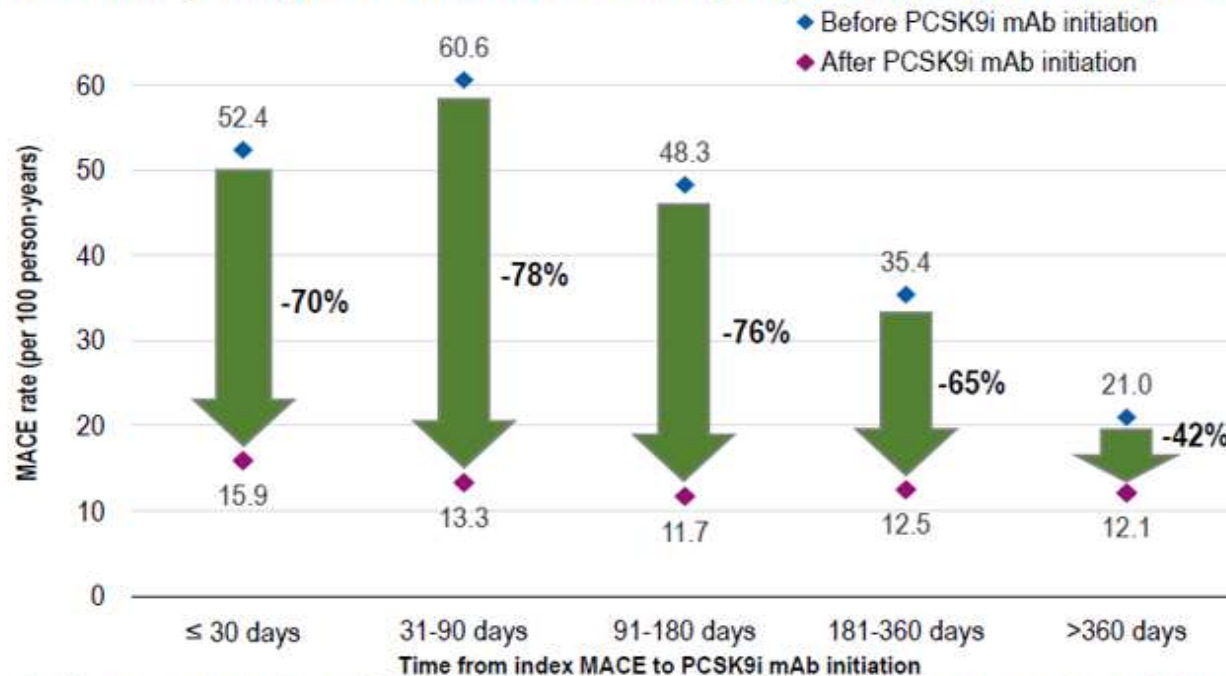
For patients who initiated PCSK9i mAb >360 days after the index MACE, the average time to subsequent MACE is a negative value (and is not shown in the graph) since over one-third of patients experienced ≥ 1 subsequent MACE before they received PCSK9i mAb therapy.

Martinez L, et al. Poster presented at: National Lipid Association 2023, Jun 1-4, 2023; Atlanta, GA, USA

Earlier Initiation of PCSK9i mAb therapy after index MACE is favorable



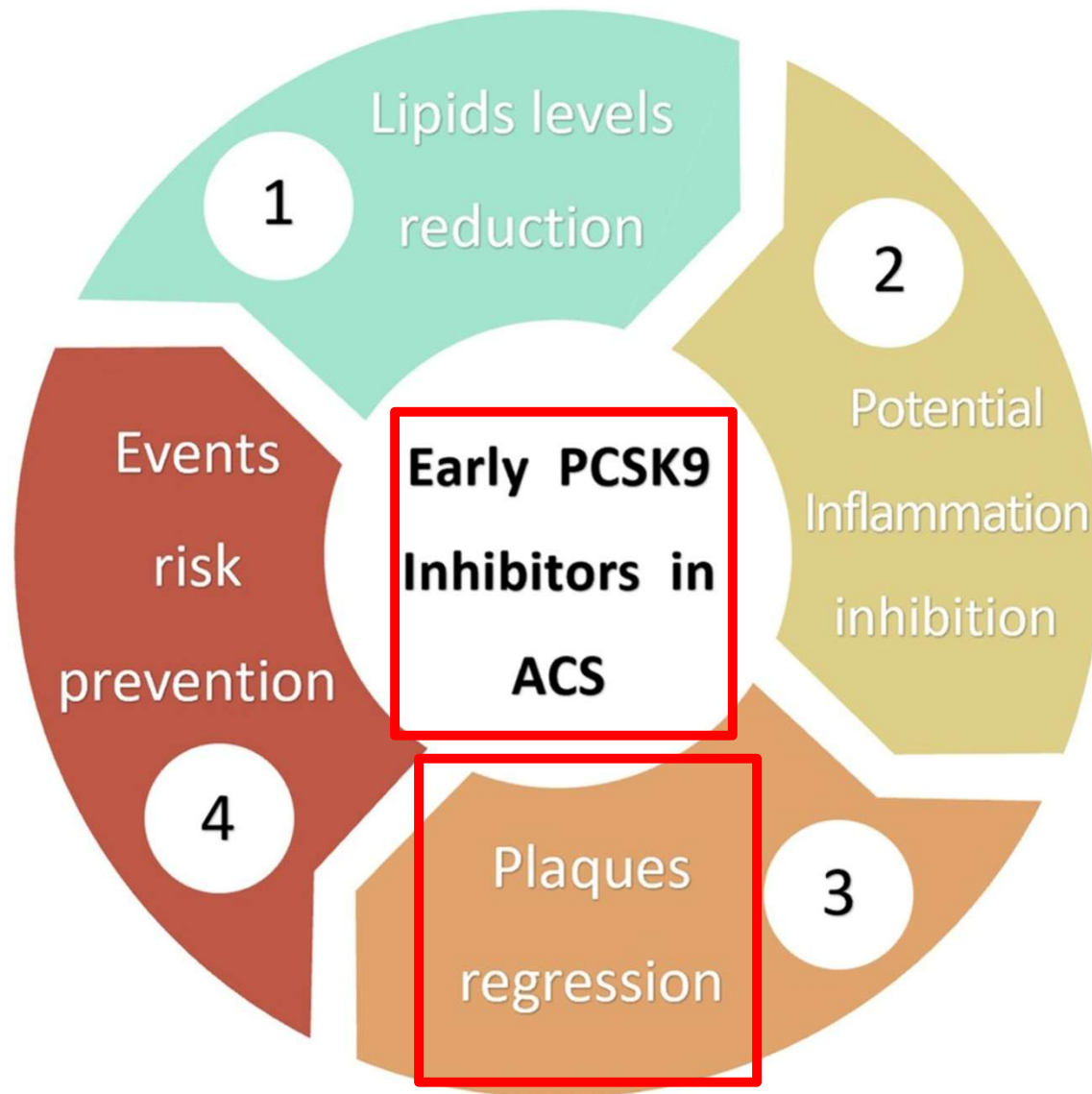
Figure 5. Relative percent change in MACE rates before and after PCSK9i mAb initiation by timing of PCSK9i mAb initiation group during the post-index period



A greater reduction in the rate of subsequent MACE was observed in the groups of patients initiating PCSK9i mAb therapy early after MACE.

MACE rates were calculated as follows: 1) before PCSK9i mAb initiation: the total number of distinct MACE from the index date until the date PCSK9i initiation - 1 divided by total patient follow-up in years*100 in this period and 2) after PCSK9i mAb initiation: the total number of distinct MACE from the date of PCSK9i initiation until end of follow up divided by total patient follow-up in years*100 in this period

*Index period: Jan 1, 2017 – Nov 30, 2021 from IQVIA PharMetrics plus and Jan 1, 2017 – Feb 28, 2022 from open -source claim prescription (LRx) and medical (Dx) claims databases



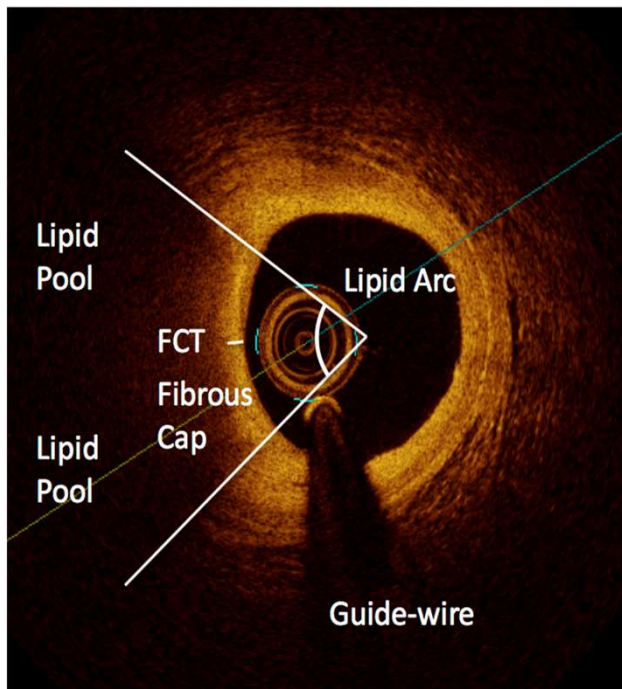
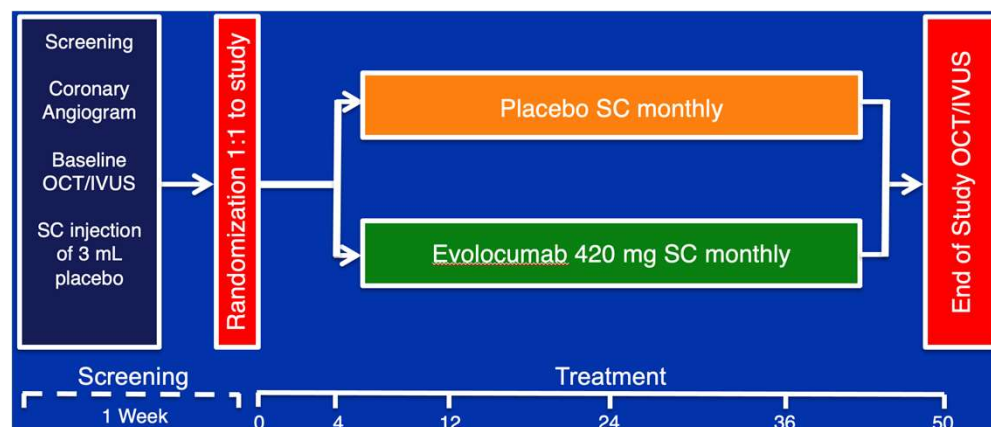
PASSIVAZIONE DELLA PLACCA

Original Article

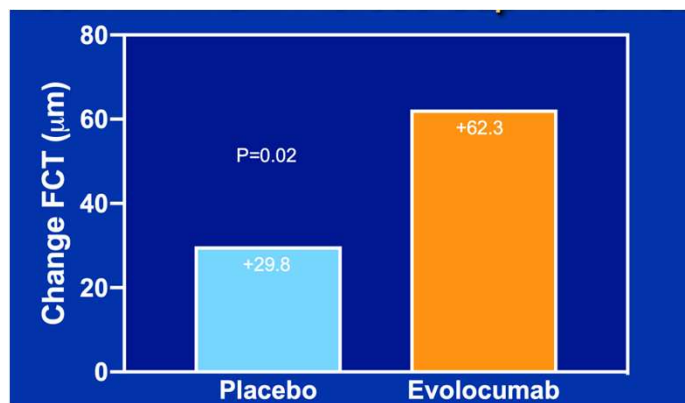
Assessing the impact of PCSK9 inhibition on coronary plaque phenotype with optical coherence tomography: rationale and design of the randomized, placebo-controlled HUYGENS study

Stephen J. Nicholls, Steven E. Nissen, Francesco Prati, Stephan Windecker, Yu Kataoka, Rishi Puri, Thomas Hucko, Helina Kassahun, Jason Liao, Ransi Somaratne, Julie Butters, Giuseppe Di Giovanni, Stephen Jones, Peter J. Psaltis

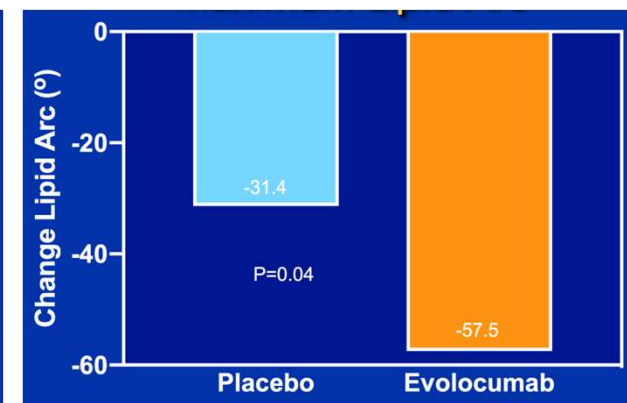
160 pz
NSTEMI
LDL > 60 mg/dl
EVO 420 mg sc



SPESSORE CAPPUCCIO FIBROSO



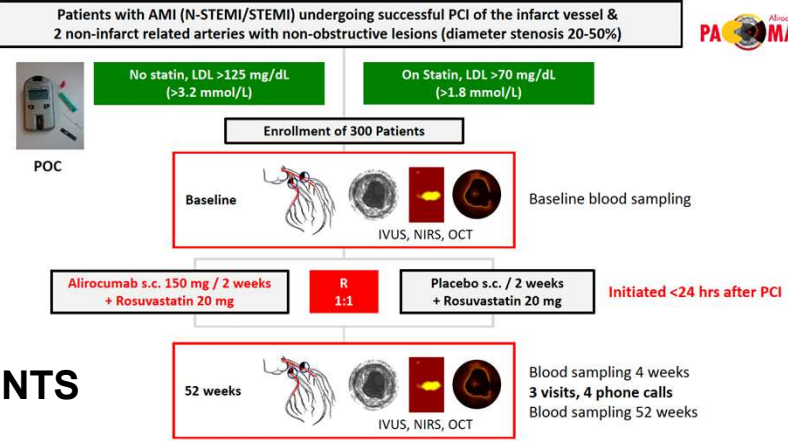
ARCO LIPIDICO



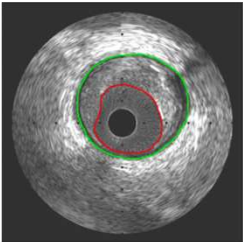
Nicholls SJ, Nissen SE, Prati F et al. HUYGENS Study ESC PRESENTATION 2021

Effect of Alirocumab Added to High-Intensity Statin Therapy on Coronary Atherosclerosis in Patients With Acute Myocardial Infarction The PACMAN-AMI Randomized Clinical Trial

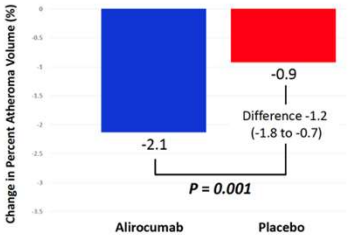
Lorenz Räber, MD, PhD; Yasushi Ueki, MD, PhD; Tatsuhiro Otsuka, MD; Sylvain Losdat, PhD; Jonas D. Häner, MD; Jacob Lonborg, MD; Gregor Fahrni, MD; Juan F. Iglesias, MD; Robert-Jan van Geuns, MD, PhD; Anna S. Ondracek, MSc; Maria D. Radu Juul Jensen, MD, PhD; Christian Zanchin, MD, PhD; Stefan Stortecy, MD; David Spirk, MD; George C. M. Siontis, MD, PhD; Lanja Saleh, PhD; Christian M. Matter, MD; Joost Daemen, MD, PhD; François Mach, MD; Dik Heg, PhD; Stephan Windecker, MD; Thomas Engström, MD, PhD; Irene M. Lang, MD; Konstantinos C. Koskinas, MD, MSc; for the PACMAN-AMI collaborators



PRIMARY END POINT

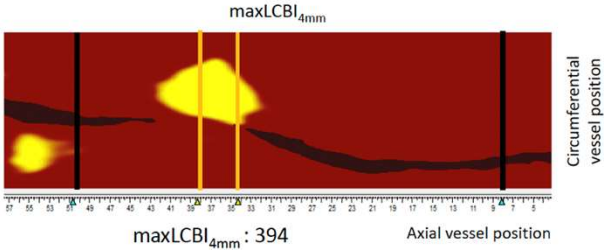


Change in **percent atheroma volume (PAV)** by greyscale IVUS

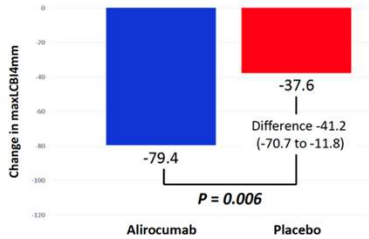


% VOLUME ATEROMA IVUS (PAV)

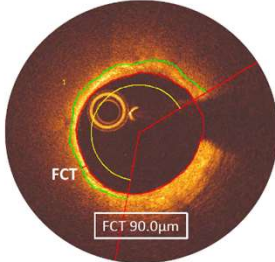
SECONDARY END POINTS



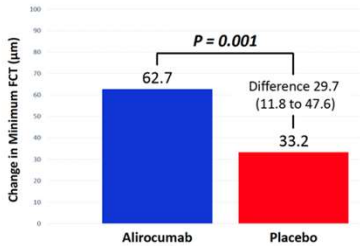
Change in **maximal lipid-core burden index (maxLCBI_{4mm})** by NIRS



core lipidico NIRS (max LCBI_{4mm})

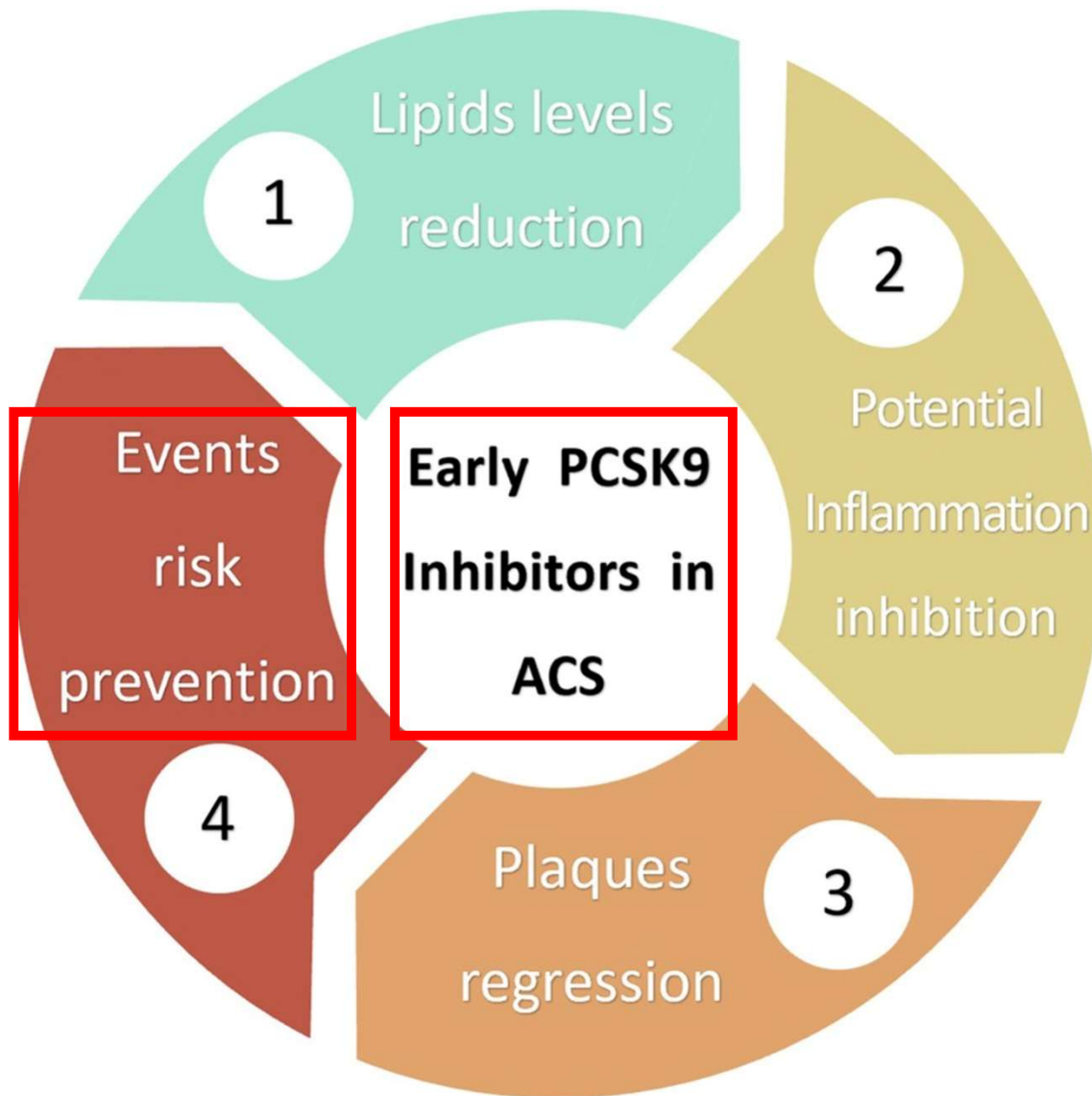


Change in **minimal fibrous cap thickness (FCT_{min})** by OCT



spessore cappuccio fibroso OCT (FCT)

**END POINT PIU' AMBIZIOSO:
RIDURRE LA MORTALITA'**



ORIGINAL ARTICLE

Alirocumab and Cardiovascular Outcomes after Acute Coronary Syndrome

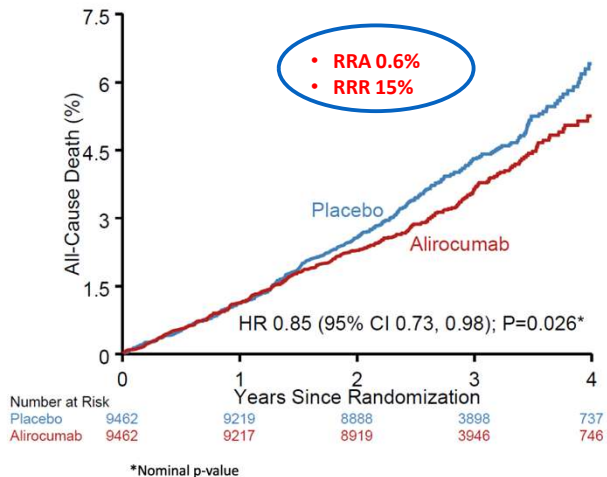
G.G. Schwartz, P.G. Steg, M. Szarek, D.L. Bhatt, V.A. Bittner, R. Diaz, J.M. Edelberg, S.G. Goodman, C. Hanotin, R.A. Harrington, J.W. Jukema, G. Lecorps, K.W. Mahaffey, A. Moryusef, R. Pordy, K. Quintero, M.T. Roe, W.J. Sasiela, J.-F. Tamby, P. Tricoci, H.D. White and A.M. Zeiher, for the ODYSSEY OUTCOMES Committees and Investigators*

ODYSSEY OUTCOMES ACC 2018

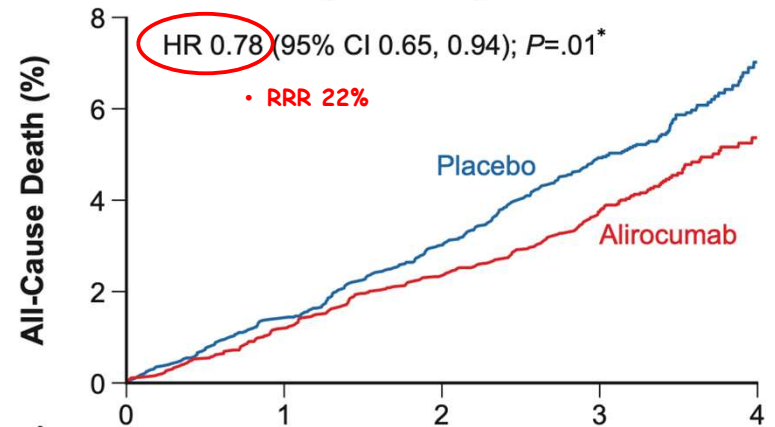
- 18924 pazienti 2012-2015 < 12 MESI ACS
- età media 58, donne 25%

Death from any cause 334 (3.5) 392 (4.1) 0.85 (0.73–0.98)

726 All-Cause Deaths



Eligible for ≥3 years follow-up (N=8242)



POST ACS = PROHIBITIVE PATIENTS

Subgroup	Patients	Incidence (%)		HR (95% CI)	
		Alirocumab	Placebo		
Index to randomization					
<2 months	6178	10.3	12.3	0.83 (0.71–0.96)	
2 to <6 months	9518	9.6	11.1	0.85 (0.75–0.96)	
≥6 months	3228	8.0	8.7	0.90 (0.71–1.14)	

INIZIARE INIBITORE PCSK9 ALLA DIMISSIONE

For patients who present with an ACS and whose LDL-C levels are not at goal despite already taking a maximally tolerated statin dose and ezetimibe, adding a PCSK9 inhibitor early after the event (if possible, during hospitalization for the ACS event) should be considered.

Ila

C

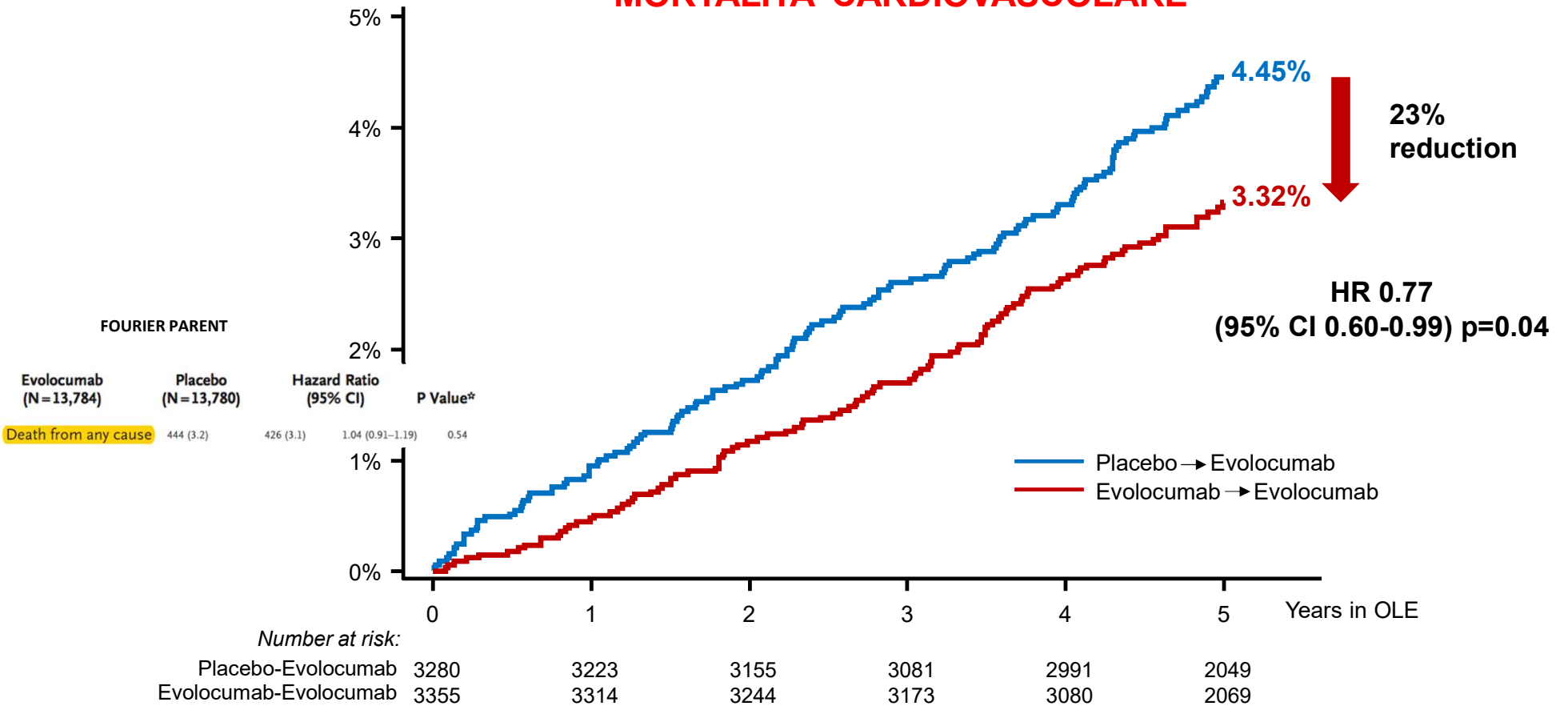
Mach F, Baigent C, Catapano A et al. Eur Heart J 2019
Parigi 31 Ago/4 Set 2019

Schwartz GG, Steg PG et al. N Engl J Med 2018

Efficacy During FOURIER-OLE Time Period



MORTALITA' CARDIOVASCOLARE



CI, confidence interval; CV, cardiovascular; HR, hazard ratio

O'Donoghue M, Giugliano RP, Wiviott SD et al. Circulation 2022

**SIAMO ANCORA MOLTO
INDIETRO**

Treatment gaps in the implementation of LDL cholesterol control among high- and very high-risk patients in Europe between 2020 and 2021: the multinational observational SANTORINI study

Kausik K. Ray^{1a}, Inaam Haq^b, Aikaterini Bilitou^c, Marius C. Manu^b, Annie Burden^d, Carlos Aguiar^e, Marcello Arca^f, Derek L. Connolly^g, Mats Eriksson^h, Jean Ferrièresⁱ, Ulrich Laufs^j, Jose M. Mostaza^k, David Nanchen^l, Ernst Rietzschel^m, Timo Strandberg^{na}, Hermann Toplak^p, Frank L. J. Visseren^q and Alberico L. Catapano^{ra} on behalf of the SANTORINI Study Investigators^s

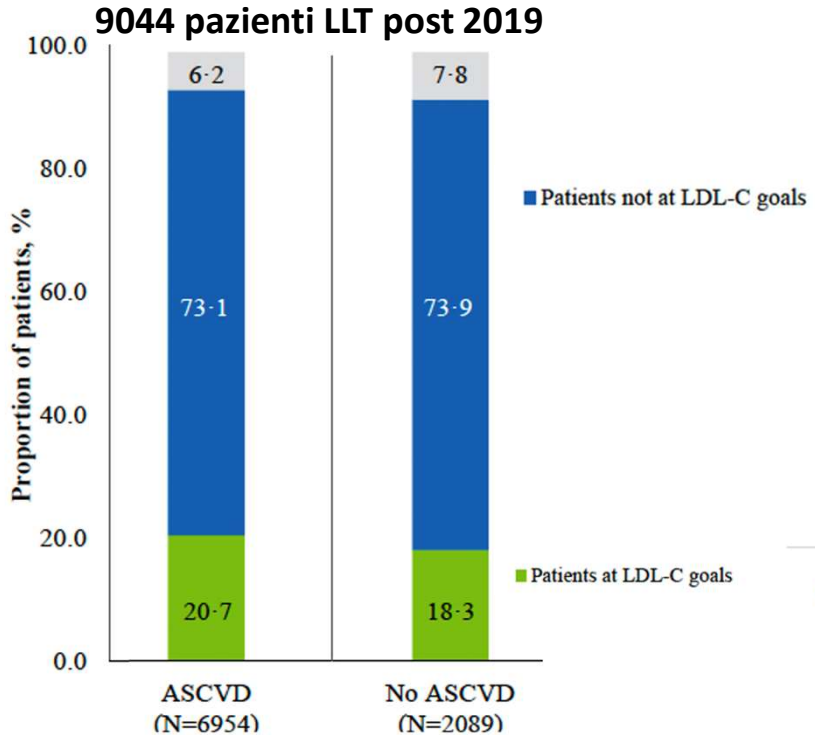


Fig. 1: LDL-C goal attainment by CV risk, ASCVD status :

EU-Wide Cross-Sectional Observational Study of Lipid-Modifying Therapy Use in Secondary and Primary Care: the DA VINCI study

Kausik K. Ray^{1a}, Bart Molemans², W. Marieke Schoonen³, Periklis Giovas⁴, Sarah Bray⁵, Gaia Kiru⁶, Jennifer Murphy⁶, Maciej Banach^{7,8,9}, Stefano De Servi¹⁰, Dan Gaita¹¹, Ioanna Gouni-Berthold¹², G. Kees Hovingh¹³, Jacek J. Jozwiak¹⁴, J. Wouter Jukema¹⁵, Robert Gabor Kiss¹⁶, Serge Kownator¹⁷, Helle K. Iversen^{18,19}, Vincent Maher^{20,21}, Luis Masana²², Alexander Parkhomenko²³, André Peeters²⁴, Piers Clifford²⁵, Katarina Raslova²⁶, Peter Siostrzonek²⁷, Stefano Romeo^{28,29,30}, Dimitrios Tousoulis³¹, Charalambos Vlachopoulos³¹, Michal Vrablik³², Alberico L. Catapano³³, Neil R. Poulter⁴; on behalf of the DA VINCI study[†]

Downloaded from https://academic.oup.com/eurpc/advance-article/doi/10.1093/eurpc/zwaa047/6544447 by University of Cambridge user on 12 October 2021

5888 pazienti LLT in 18 paesi europei post 2016

- 3000 prevenzione primaria
- 2888 secondaria (41%CVD; 37%PAD; 22%CAD)

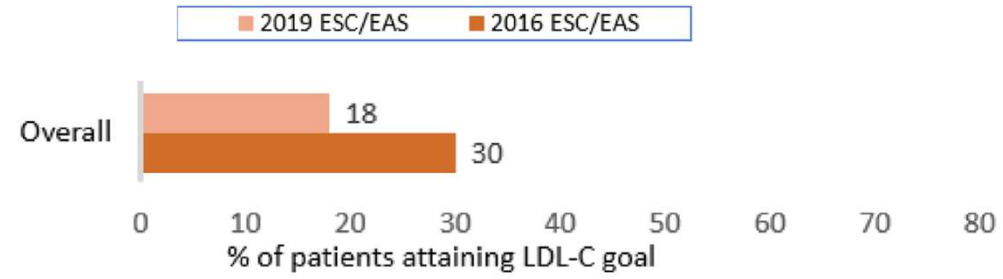


Fig. 1. LDL-C goal attainment in ASCVD patients: 2016 ESC/EAS versus 2019 ESC/EAS guideline goals.

Ray KK, Molemans B, Schoonen WM et al. Eur J Prev Cardiol 2020

Jane K Stock . Atherosclerosis 2020

Ray KK, Haq I, Bilitou A et al. The Lancet Regional Health 2023

JET LDL

N=1095 post SCA e post PCI
(STEMI 50% NSTEMI 50%)

Raggiungimento di livelli target di colesterolo LDL in pazienti con sindrome coronarica acuta trattati con angioplastica coronarica percutanea: il registro JET-LDL

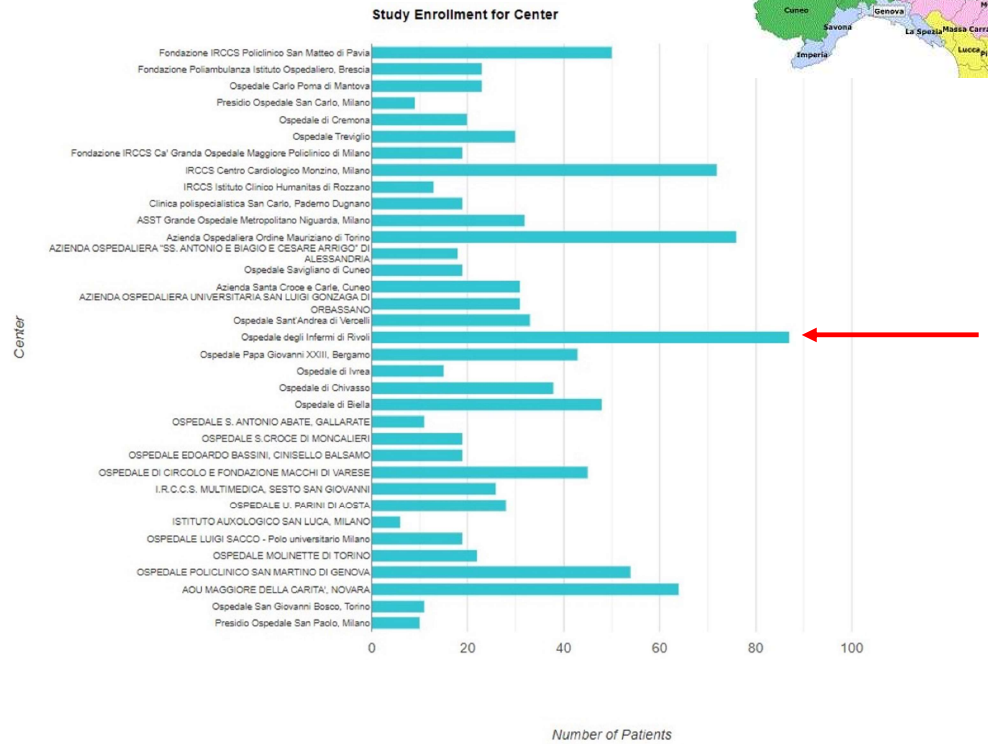
PI: Marco Ferlini, Luigi Oltrona Visconti, Giuseppe Musumeci

Steering Committee: Andrea Rognoni, Ferdinando Varbella, Giuseppe Patti,

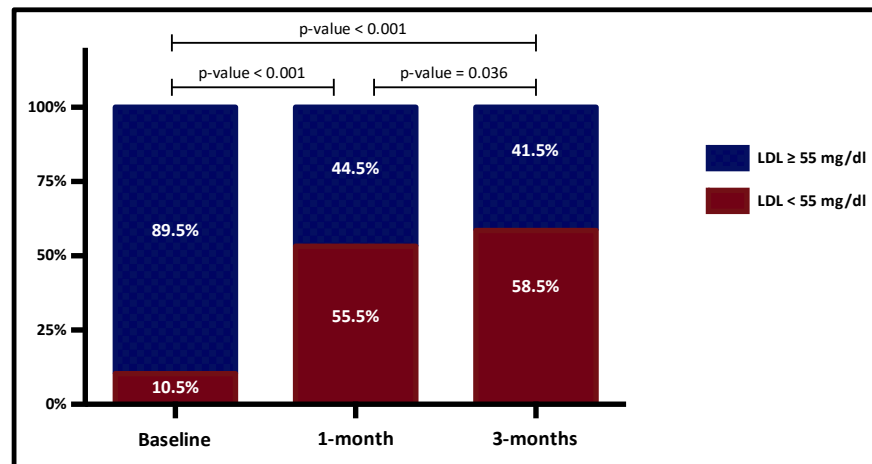
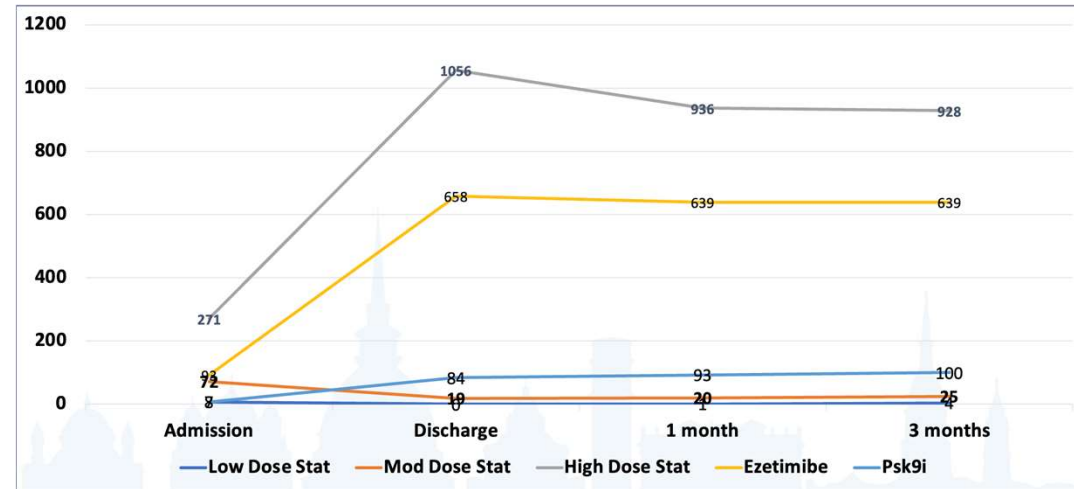
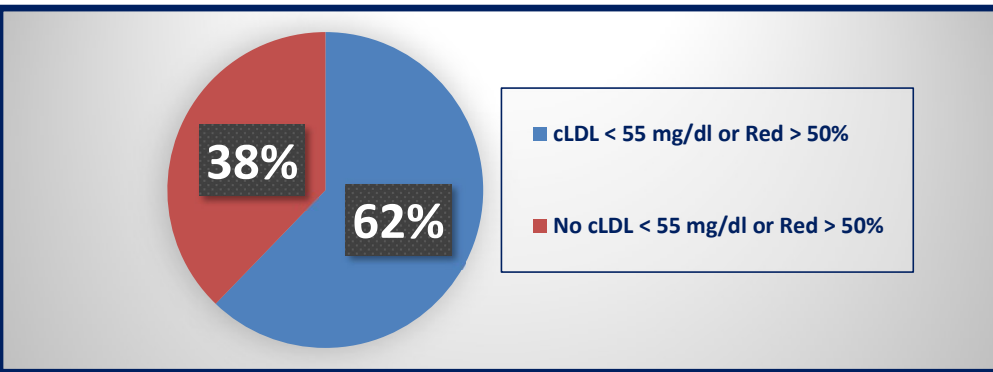
Battistina Castiglioni, Corrado Lettieri, Italo Porto, Alberto Menozzi

Study Coordinator: Alessia Currao

- **Scopo:** Ottimizzare il trattamento dei livelli di colesterolo (C)-LDL nei pazienti SCA trattati con PCI
- **Obiettivo:** Valutare il successo e descrivere le modalità di trattamento farmacologico del C-LDL volte al raggiungimento dei livelli raccomandati per una popolazione di pazienti con SCA trattati con PCI
- **End Pointi Primario:** Tasso di pazienti con riduzione del C-LDL di almeno il 50% rispetto al valore basale o con valori di C-LDL < 55 mg/dl a 1 mese dalla dimissione ospedaliera



JET LDL



- livelli di C-LDL a target raggiunti in circa il 60% dei casi
- prescrizione dei PCSK9i è stata tuttavia limitata a meno del 10% dei pazienti
- La terapia ipolipemizzante sembra essere ottimizzata per lo più alla dimissione ospedaliera il che suggerisce la necessità di un trattamento aggressivo precoce

CRITERI DI RIMBORSABILITA' E SOSTENIBILITA' ECONOMICA

CRITERI DI PRESCRIVIBILITA'

FAST
TRACK



RECENT MYOCARDIAL
INFARCTION (<12 months)

OR



MUTIPLE CV EVENTS



Family history
of early cardiac events



OTHER ASCVD

> 70
mg/dl

WITHIN 6 MONTHS

Patient receiving high potency statin MTD + Ezetimibe or demonstrated intolerance to statins / ezetimibe



SINGLE LDL-C DETERMINATION WITH VALUE

> 70
mg/dl



PCSK9i



; / dL WITHIN 6 MONTHS (130 mg/dL HeFH)



PCSK9i

COSTI SANITARI DIRETTI MEDI ANNUI PER PAZIENTE IN BASE AL RAGGIUNGIMENTO DEL TARGET

Costi Sanitari Totali:



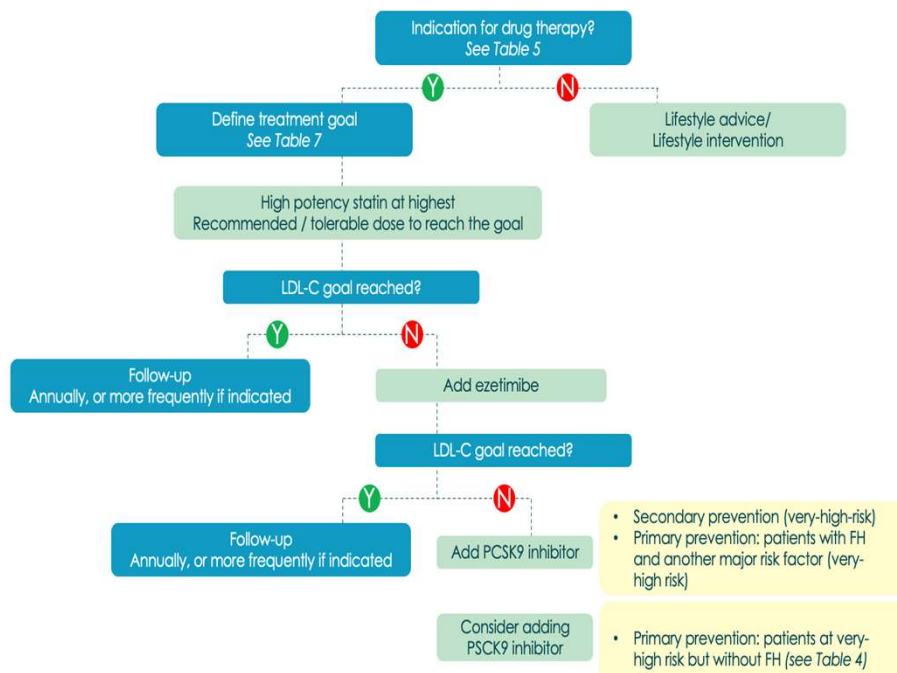
2.906 euro

vs

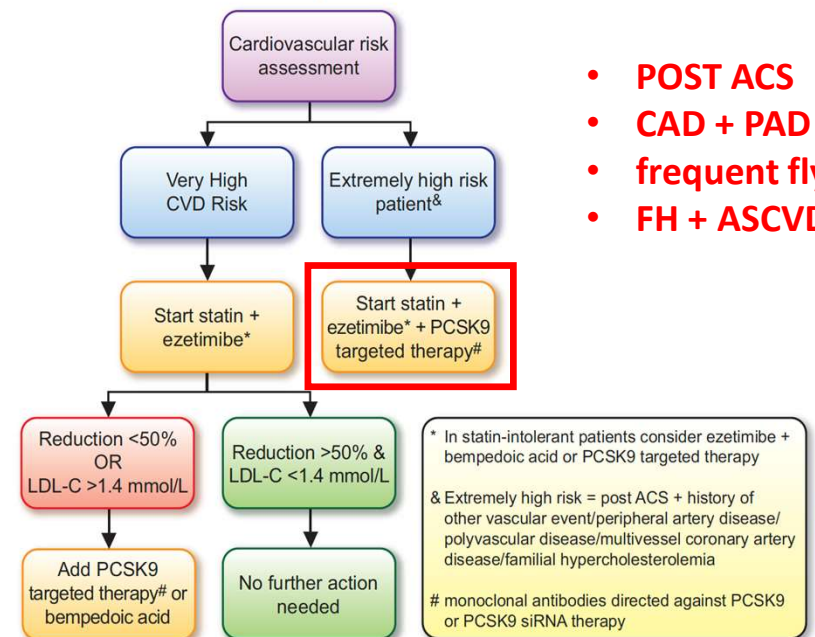
4.823 euro

CONCLUSIONI

E' IL MOMENTO DI MODIFICARE STEPWISE APPROACH ?



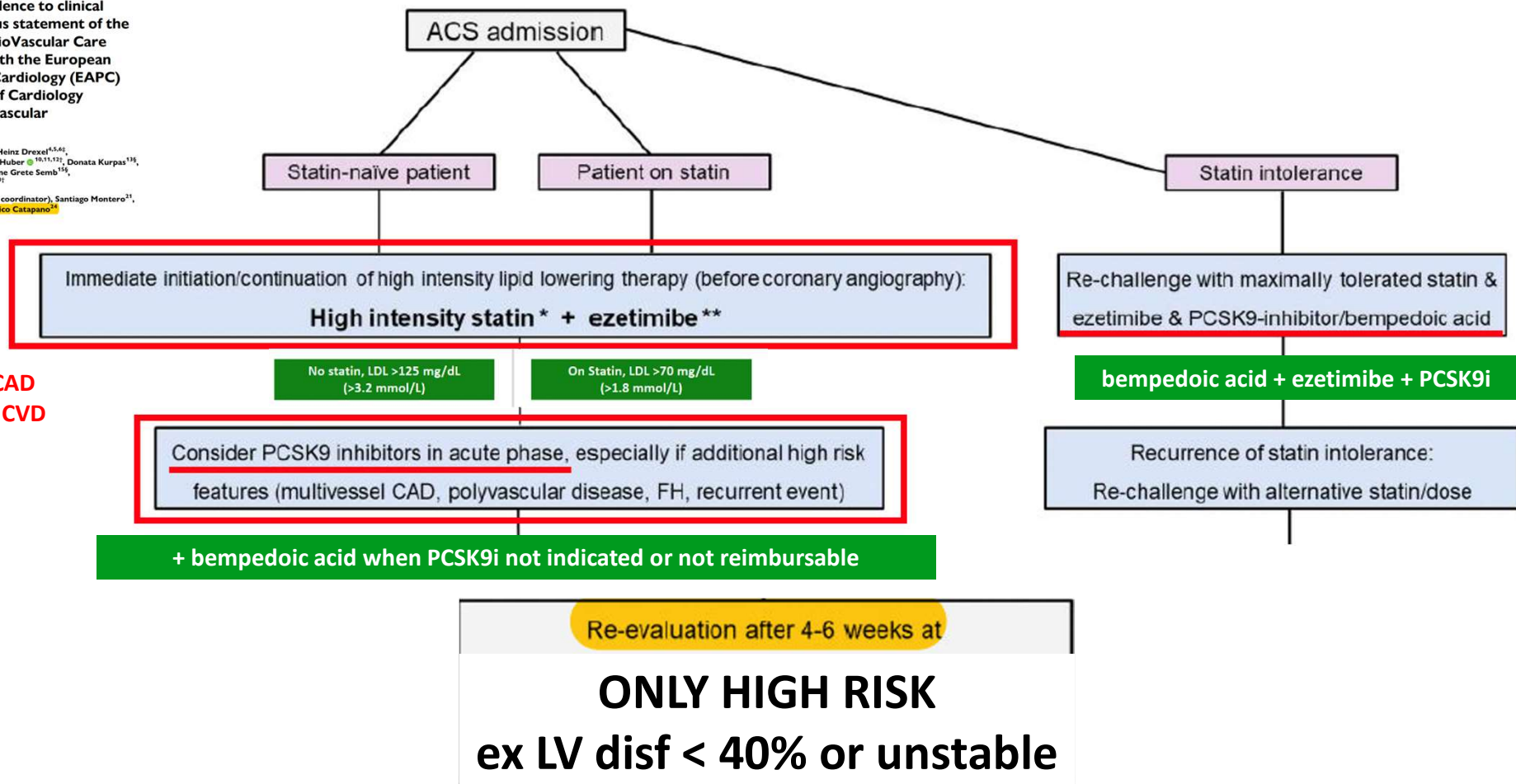
Combination lipid-lowering therapy as first line strategy in very high-risk patients

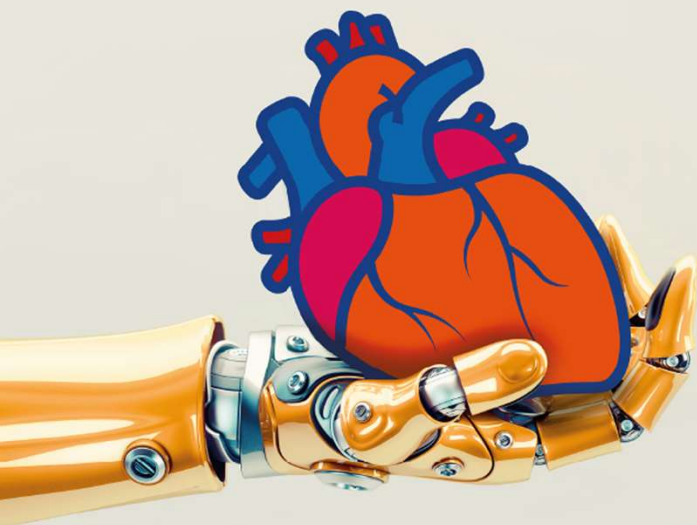


Acute LDL-C reduction post ACS: strike early and strike strong: from evidence to clinical practice. A clinical consensus statement of the Association for Acute CardioVascular Care (ACVC), in collaboration with the European Association of Preventive Cardiology (EAPC) and the European Society of Cardiology Working Group on Cardiovascular Pharmacotherapy

Konstantin A. Krychiuk^{1,2,3}, Ingo Ahrens², Heinz Drexel^{4,5,6,7},
 Sigrun Halvorsen^{8,9}, Christian Hassager¹⁰, Kurt Huber^{11,12,13}, Donata Kurpas¹⁴,
 Alexander Nllesner¹⁵, Francois Schiele¹⁶, Anne Grete Semb¹⁷,
 Alessandro Sionis^{18,19}, and Marc J. Claeys²⁰
 Document reviewers: José Barrabés^{19,20} (review coordinator), Santiago Montero²¹,
 Peter Sinnaeve²², Roberto Pedretti²³, and Alberico Catapano²⁴

- **multivessel CAD**
- **CAD + PAD + CVD**
- **DIABETES**
- **RECURRENT**
- **ACS**
- **FH**





GRAZIE PER L'ATTENZIONE



17° Meeting

CardioLucca
Heart Brings Heart 2023

Lucca, 22-24 Giugno 2023
Centro Congressi Auditorium San Francesco

Ferdinando Varbella MD
Head of Internal Medicine Department
Chief of Cardiology Rivoli Hospital Turin
Cath. Lab. Director
A.S.L. TO 3 Rivoli Turin
A.O.U. San Luigi Orbassano

